

Example:

$$k_1 = \frac{1}{4}, \quad k_2 = \frac{1}{2}, \quad k_3 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$A_0(z) = B_0(z) = 1$$

$$A_1(z) = 1 + k_1 z^{-1} = 1 + \frac{1}{4} z^{-1}$$

$$B_1(z) = z^{-1} (1 + \frac{1}{4} z) = \frac{1}{4} + z^{-1}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_2(z) \\ B_2(z) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A_1(z) \\ z^{-1} B_1(z) \end{pmatrix}$$

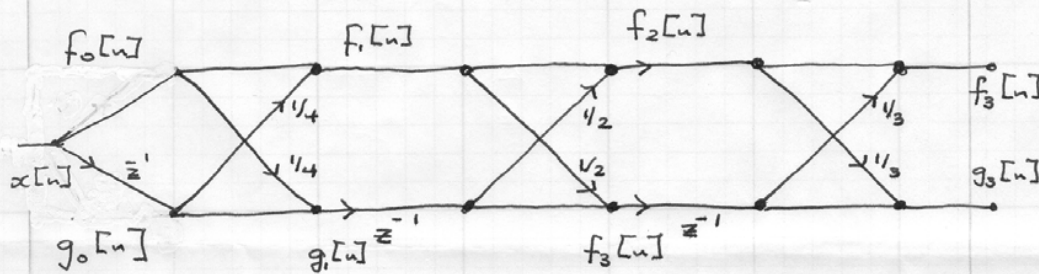
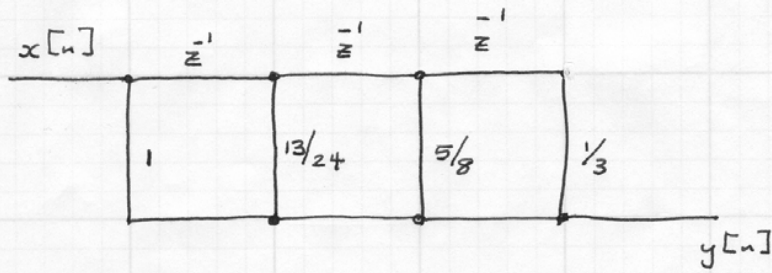
$$\begin{aligned} A_2(z) &= A_1(z) + \frac{1}{2} z^{-1} B_1(z) \\ &= 1 + \frac{1}{4} z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-1} (\frac{1}{4} + z^{-1}) \\ &= 1 + \frac{3}{8} z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B_2(z) &= \frac{1}{2} (1 + \frac{1}{4} z^{-1}) + z^{-1} (\frac{1}{4} + z^{-1}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} z^{-1} + z^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$A_3(z) = A_2(z) + \frac{1}{3} z^{-1} B_2(z)$$

$$A_3(z) = 1 + \frac{3}{8} z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} + \frac{1}{3} z^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} z^{-1} + z^{-2} \right)$$

$$A_3(z) = 1 + \frac{13}{24} z^{-1} + \frac{5}{8} z^{-2} + \frac{1}{3} z^{-3}$$



Step Down Recursion!

$$A_3(z) = 1 + \frac{13}{24}z^{-1} + \frac{5}{8}z^{-2} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-3}$$

$$a_3(0) = 1$$

$$a_3(1) = 13/24$$

$$a_3(2) = 5/8$$

$$a_3(3) = k_3 = 1/3$$

$$j = 2:$$

$$a_2(0) = 1$$

$$B_3(z) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{8}z^{-1} + \frac{13}{24}z^{-2} + \frac{1}{3}z^{-3}$$

$$A_2(z) = \frac{1}{8/9} A_3(z) - \frac{1/3}{8/9} B_3(z)$$

$$= 1 + \frac{3}{8}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2} \Rightarrow k_2 = 1/2$$

Order  $j=1$ :

$$\begin{aligned} A_1(z) &= \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{4}} A_2(z) - \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{4}} B_2(z) \\ &= \frac{4}{3} \left( 1 + \frac{3}{8} z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2} z^{-2} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} z^{-1} + z^{-2} \right) \\ &= 1 + \frac{6}{24} z^{-1} \\ \Rightarrow K_1 &= \frac{6}{24} = \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$$