

```
#define TESTAPP_GEN

/* $Id: xgpio_intr_tapp_example.c,v 1.1.2.1 2009/11/25 07:38:15 svemula Exp $ */
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*
***** @file xgpio_intr_tapp_example.c *****
*/
/*
* This file contains a design example using the GPIO driver (XGpio) in an
* interrupt driven mode of operation. This example does assume that there is
* an interrupt controller in the hardware system and the GPIO device is
* connected to the interrupt controller.
*
* This file is used by the TestAppGen utility to include a simplified test for
* gpio interrupts.
*
* The buttons and LEDs are on 2 seperate channels of the GPIO so that interrupts
* are not caused when the LEDs are turned on and off.
*
* <pre>
* MODIFICATION HISTORY:
*
* Ver Who Date Changes
* ----- -----
* 2.01a sn 05/09/06 Modified to be used by TestAppGen to include test for
* interrupts.
* 3.00a ktn 11/21/09 Updated to use HAL Processor APIs and minor changes
* as per coding guidelines.
*</pre>
*
***** Include Files *****
#include "xparameters.h"
#include "xgpio.h"
#include "xil_exception.h"
#include "xintc.h"
```

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***** Constant Definitions *****/
#ifndef TESTAPP_GEN
/*
 * The following constants map to the names of the hardware instances that
 * were created in the EDK XPS system. They are only defined here such that
 * a user can easily change all the needed device IDs in one place.
 */
#define GPIO_DEVICE_ID          XPAR_PUSH_BUTTONS_5BIT_DEVICE_ID
#define INTC_DEVICE_ID           XPAR_INTC_0_DEVICE_ID
#define INTC_GPIO_INTERRUPT_ID  XPAR_INTC_0_GPIO_3_VEC_ID
#define GPIO_CHANNEL1           1
/*
 * The following constants define the positions of the buttons and LEDs each
 * channel of the GPIO
 */
#define GPIO_ALL_LEDS            0xFFFF
#define GPIO_ALL_BUTTONS         0xFFFF

/*
 * The following constants define the GPIO channel that is used for the buttons
 * and the LEDs. They allow the channels to be reversed easily.
 */
#define BUTTON_CHANNEL    1      /* Channel 1 of the GPIO Device */
#define LED_CHANNEL       2      /* Channel 2 of the GPIO Device */
#define BUTTON_INTERRUPT XGPIO_IR_CH1_MASK /* Channel 1 Interrupt Mask */

/*
 * The following constant determines which buttons must be pressed at the same
 * time to cause interrupt processing to stop and start
 */
#define INTERRUPT_CONTROL_VALUE 0x7

/*
 * The following constant is used to wait after an LED is turned on to make
 * sure that it is visible to the human eye. This constant might need to be
 * tuned for faster or slower processor speeds.
 */
#define LED_DELAY        1000000

#endif

#define INTR_DELAY        0x00FFFFFF

***** Function Prototypes *****/
void GpioDriverHandler(void *CallBackRef);

int GpioIntrExample(XIntc* IntcInstancePtr, XGpio* InstancePtr,
                    u16 DeviceId, u16 IntrId,
                    u16 IntrMask, u32 *DataRead);

int GpioSetupIntrSystem(XIntc* IntcInstancePtr, XGpio* InstancePtr,
                       u16 DeviceId, u16 IntrId, u16 IntrMask);

void GpioDisableIntr(XIntc* IntcInstancePtr, XGpio* InstancePtr,
                     u16 IntrId, u16 IntrMask);

***** Variable Definitions *****/
/*
 * The following are declared globally so they are zeroed and so they are
 * easily accessible from a debugger
 */
XGpio Gpio; /* The Instance of the GPIO Driver */

XIntc Intc; /* The Instance of the Interrupt Controller Driver */

static u16 GlobalIntrMask; /* GPIO channel mask that is needed by
                           * the Interrupt Handler */

static volatile u32 IntrFlag; /* Interrupt Handler Flag */

***** *****/
/***
 * This function is the main function of the GPIO example. It is responsible
```

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* for initializing the GPIO device, setting up interrupts and providing a
* foreground loop such that interrupt can occur in the background.
*
* @param      None.
*
* @return     - XST_SUCCESS to indicate success.
*             - XST_FAILURE to indicate failure.
*
* @note       None.
*
***** */
#ifndef TESTAPP_GEN
int main(void)
{
    int Status;
    u32 DataRead;

    print(" Press button to Generate Interrupt\r\n");

    Status = GpioIntrExample(&Intc, &Gpio,
                           GPIO_DEVICE_ID,
                           INTC_GPIO_INTERRUPT_ID,
                           GPIO_CHANNEL1, &DataRead);

    if (Status == 0 ){
        if(DataRead == 0)
            print("No button pressed. \r\n");
        else
            print("Gpio Interrupt Test PASSED. \r\n");
    } else {
        print("Gpio Interrupt Test FAILED.\r\n");
    }
}
#endif

/** */
/*
* This is the entry function from the TestAppGen tool generated application
* which tests the interrupts when enabled in the GPIO
*
* @param      IntcInstancePtr is a reference to the Interrupt Controller
*             driver Instance
* @param      InstancePtr is a reference to the GPIO driver Instance
* @param      DeviceId is the XPAR_<GPIO_instance>_DEVICE_ID value from
*             xparameters.h
* @param      IntrId is XPAR_<INTC_instance>_<GPIO_instance>_IP2INTC_IRPT_INTR
*             value from xparameters.h
* @param      IntrMask is the GPIO channel mask
* @param      DataRead is the pointer where the data read from GPIO Input is
*             returned
*
* @return     XST_SUCCESS if the Test is successful, otherwise XST_FAILURE
*
* @note       None.
*
***** */
int GpioIntrExample(XIntc* IntcInstancePtr, XGpio* InstancePtr, ul6 DeviceId,
                     u16 IntrId, u16 IntrMask, u32 *DataRead)
{
    int Status;
    u32 delay;

    /* Initialize the GPIO driver. If an error occurs then exit */

    Status = XGpio_Initialize(InstancePtr, DeviceId);
    if (Status != XST_SUCCESS) {
        return XST_FAILURE;
    }

    Status = GpioSetupIntrSystem(IntcInstancePtr,
                                InstancePtr,
                                DeviceId,
                                IntrId,
                                IntrMask);
    if (Status != XST_SUCCESS) {
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        return XST_FAILURE;
    }

    IntrFlag = 0;
    delay = 0;

    while(!IntrFlag && (delay < INTR_DELAY)) {
        delay++;
    }

    GpioDisableIntr(IntcInstancePtr,
                    InstancePtr,
                    IntriId,
                    IntrMask);

    *DataRead = IntrFlag;

    return Status;
}

/*****************************************/
/***
 *
 * This function performs the GPIO set up for Interrupts
 *
 * @param      IntcInstancePtr is a reference to the Interrupt Controller
 *             driver Instance
 * @param      InstancePtr is a reference to the GPIO driver Instance
 * @param      DeviceId is the XPAR_<GPIO_instance>_DEVICE_ID value from
 *             xparameters.h
 * @param      IntriId is XPAR_<INTC_instance>_<GPIO_instance>_IP2INTC_IRPT_INTR
 *             value from xparameters.h
 * @param      IntrMask is the GPIO channel mask
 *
 * @return     XST_SUCCESS if the Test is successful, otherwise XST_FAILURE
 *
 * @note      None.
 *
*****************************************/
int GpioSetupIntrSystem(XIntc* IntcInstancePtr, XGpio* InstancePtr,
                        u16 DeviceId, u16 IntriId, u16 IntrMask)

{
    int Result;

    GlobalIntrMask = IntrMask;

#ifndef TESTAPP_GEN
    /*
     * Initialize the interrupt controller driver so that it's ready to use.
     * specify the device ID that was generated in xparameters.h
     */
    Result = XIIntc_Initialize(IntcInstancePtr, INTC_DEVICE_ID);
    if (Result != XST_SUCCESS) {
        return Result;
    }
#endif

    /* Hook up simple interrupt service routine for TestApp */

    Result = XIIntc_Connect(IntcInstancePtr, IntriId,
                           (XIInterruptHandler)GpioDriverHandler,
                           InstancePtr);

    /*
     * Enable the GPIO channel interrupts so that push button can be detected
     * and enable interrupts for the GPIO device
     */
    XGpio InterruptEnable(InstancePtr, IntrMask);
    XGpio InterruptGlobalEnable(InstancePtr);

    /* Enable the interrupt vector at the interrupt controller */
    XIIntc_Enable(IntcInstancePtr, IntriId);

#ifndef TESTAPP_GEN
```

```
/*
 * Initialize the exception table and register the interrupt
 * controller handler with the exception table
 */
Xil_ExceptionInit();
Xil_ExceptionRegisterHandler(XIL_EXCEPTION_ID_INT,
                            (Xil_ExceptionHandler)XIntc_InterruptHandler,
                            IntcInstancePtr);

/* Enable non-critical exceptions */
Xil_ExceptionEnable();

/*
 * Start the interrupt controller such that interrupts are recognized
 * and handled by the processor
 */
Result = XIntc_Start(IntcInstancePtr, XIN_REAL_MODE);
#endif

if (Result != XST_SUCCESS) {
    return Result;
}

return XST_SUCCESS;
}

/*****************************************/
/**/
/*
* This is the interrupt handler routine for the GPIO for this example.
*
* @param      CallbackRef is the Callback reference for the handler.
*
* @return     None.
*
* @note      None.
*/
void GpioDriverHandler(void *CallbackRef)
{
    XGpio *GpioPtr = (XGpio *)CallbackRef;

    IntrFlag = 1;
    /*
     * Clear the Interrupt
     */
    XGpio_InterruptClear(GpioPtr, GlobalIntrMask);
}

/*****************************************/
/**/
/*
* This function disables the interrupts for the GPIO
*
* @param      IntcInstancePtr is a pointer to the Interrupt Controller
*             driver Instance
* @param      InstancePtr is a pointer to the GPIO driver Instance
* @param      InrId is XPAR_<INTC_instance>_<GPIO_instance>_IP2INTC_IRPT_INTR
*             value from xparameters.h
* @param      IntrMask is the GPIO channel mask
*
* @return     None
*
* @note      None.
*/
void GpioDisableIntr(XIntc* IntcInstancePtr, XGpio* InstancePtr,
                     u16 InrId, u16 IntrMask)
{
    XGpio_InterruptDisable(InstancePtr, IntrMask);
    XIntc_Disable(IntcInstancePtr, InrId);
    return;
}
```

