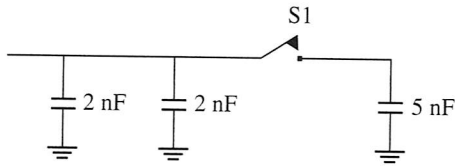
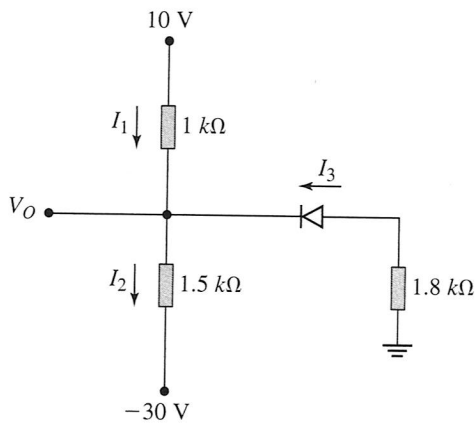


- 1-27. The 2 nF capacitors are precharged to 3 V, and the 5 nF capacitor is precharged to 1.2 V. At $t = 0$, switch S1 closes. What is the final voltage?

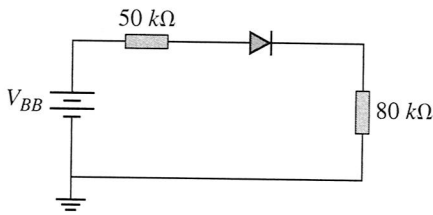


Diodes

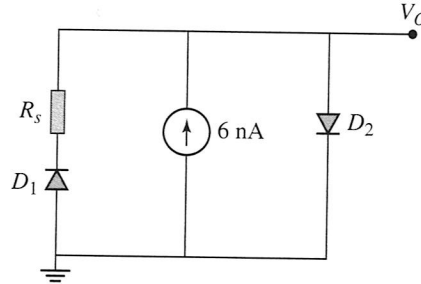
- 1-28. Calculate V_O and the current through each resistor. Assume that the forward bias diode voltage is 0.7 V.



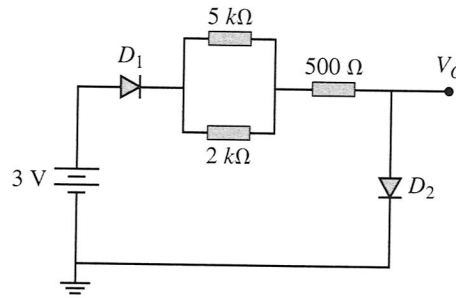
- 1-29. Given that $I_S = 10$ nA. Calculate I_D and V_D for (a) $V_{BB} = 1$ V and (b) $V_{BB} = 10$ V.



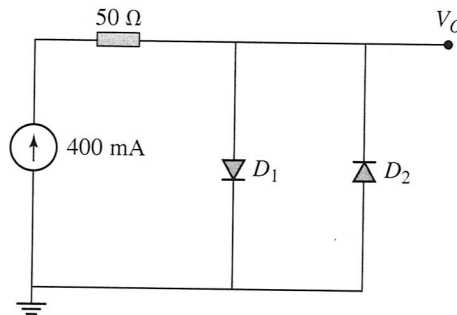
- 1-30. Calculate V_O given that the reverse bias saturation current $I_S = 1$ nA and you are at room temperature.



- 1-31. Diode D_1 has a reverse bias saturation current of $I_{S1} = 1$ nA, and diode D_2 has $I_{S2} = 4$ nA. At room temperature, what is V_O ?



- 1-32. Calculate the voltage across the diodes given that the reverse bias saturation current in D_1 is $I_{S1} = 175$ nA, and $I_{S2} = 100$ nA.



- 1-33. Given I_{D1}

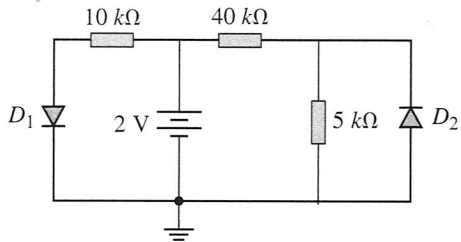


- 1-34. Cal

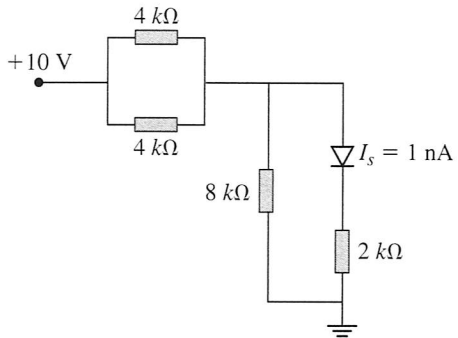
+10 V



- 1-33. Given that $I_{sD1} = I_{sD2} = 100 \text{ pA}$. Calculate I_{D1} and V_{D1} . Calculate I_{5k} .



- 1-34. Calculate the diode current and voltage.



- 1-35. $I_s = 2 \mu\text{A}$ for the diode. Calculate V_D and I_D .

